

ÜDS

FEN BİLİMLERİ

TÜM
CLOZE TEST
SORULARI



www.remzihoca.com

CLOZE 1

Computers are now part of our everyday lives and there seems to be nothing out of the ordinary about them. However, the computers of the (1) ---- are a different proposition. They are already beginning to sound (2) ---- science fiction. Supercomputers, many (3) ---- more powerful than today's fastest machines, could be contained in a tiny drop of liquid. (5) ---- would not be built of silicon, (4) ---- DNA, the stuff of life itself.

1.

- A) future
- B) current
- C) present
- D) recent
- E) next

2.

- A) according to
- B) along with
- C) like
- D) close by
- E) up to

3.

- A) conditions
- B) ways
- C) times
- D) degrees
- E) tests

4.

- A) Theirs
- B) These
- C) Any of them
- D) The latter
- E) Which

5.

- A) but of
- B) rather than
- C) instead of
- D) though
- E) except

CLOZE 2

The more technologically enhanced we become, the more we are going to (6) — from people in the developing world who have never (7) — made a phone call. As scientists we must think of imaginative ways (8) — the developing world can leap forward from the 19th century into the 21st century. (9) — the gap never will be bridged and we (10) — ourselves in a world that really is unsustainable.

6.

- A) exceed
- B) distinguish
- C) distract
- D) diverge
- E) proceed

7.

- A) even
- B) but
- C) still
- D) D)just
- E) enough

8.

- A) whether
- B) in which
- C) as if
- D) surely
- E) since

9.

- A) Similarly
- B) Whatever
- C) Accordingly
- D) Therefore
- E) Otherwise

10.

- A) would find
- B) have found
- C) are going to find
- D) were finding
- E) had to find

CLOZE 3

The design and construction of foundations are largely controlled by the contours or falls of the site and the type of subsoil. Site falls (11) ---- 1 in 20 usually require special methods of foundation construction. Gravel or chalk are good subsoils (12) ---- they do not hold moisture, and (13) ---- heavy loads. They are, (14) ----, economical and do not vary in bulk with the vagaries of the weather and temperature. Most rocks are eminently (15) ---- but usually expensive to work.

11.

- A) replacing
- B) completing
- C) exceeding
- D) reducing
- E) surviving

12.

- A) just
- B) or
- C) unless
- D) since
- E) besides

13.

- A) can support
- B) have supported
- C) would support
- D) supported
- E) could support

14.

- A) on the other hand
- B) moreover
- C) in contrast
- D) occasionally
- E) regrettably

15.

- A) incapable
- B) comparable
- C) suitable
- D) disruptive
- E) conditional

CLOZE 4

Nuclear energy is now making a serious comeback. The design (16) — of the new nuclear reactors have taken a huge step forward. (17) — being safer and less (18) — to terrorism than current nuclear plants, the new reactor (19) — double duty; it has to generate electricity and produce hydrogen which is the probable automobile fuel (20) — the future.

16.

- A) delays
- B) complexities
- C) facilities
- D) requirements
- E) replacements

17.

- A) Even so
- B) On the other hand
- C) As regards
- D) In contrast
- E) Besides

18.

- A) vulnerable
- B) impulsive
- C) conducive
- D) compulsive
- E) disruptive

19.

- A) had to do
- B) must have done
- C) must be done
- D) must do
- E) would have to do

20.

- A) at
- B) to
- C) with
- D) over
- E) of

CLOZE 5

Towards the end of the 19th century the typewriter was already becoming popular, and new models rapidly followed (21) —. In particular, designers (22) — ways of making them smaller and lighter. Aluminum came to their aid. Up to that time aluminum had been (23) — expensive for use in anything except luxury items. But, following the discovery in 1886 of an electrolytic refining method the (24) — had increased and the price had accordingly (25) —.

21.

- A) one another
- B) each one
- C) the next
- D) another
- E) the other one

22.

- A) are seeking
- B) would seek
- C) have sought
- D) sought
- E) would be seeking

23.

- A) such
- B) too
- C) more
- D) as
- E) so

24.

- A) supply
- B) excess
- C) cost
- D) amount
- E) process

25.

- A) risen
- B) fallen
- C) exchanged
- D) ceased
- E) delayed

CLOZE 6

In the past a significant amount of the acid in rainfall was neutralized by alkaline materials, notably the calcium-rich minerals in windblown dusts. But recently there has been a slow (26) ---- in levels of alkaline materials in the air; this is partly because there are fewer unpaved roads which were an important (27) ---- of dust in the past. Recently, ammonia emissions (28) ---- on the increase in many parts of the world. One might presume that this is a good thing because ammonia is alkaline. Unfortunately, however, it (29) ---- with SO₂ to produce ammonium sulphate, which is converted (30) ---- nitric acid in soil.

26.

- A) replacement
- B) discrepancy
- C) prevention
- D) decline
- E) relief

27.

- A) delivery
- B) improvement
- C) source
- D) action
- E) expression

28.

- A) would be
- B) have been
- C) would have been
- D) had been
- E) are being

29.

- A) impairs
- B) accumulates
- C) relates
- D) exchanges
- E) reacts

30.

- A) through
- B) from
- C) of
- D) to
- E) out of

CLOZE 7

Bozono, chief engineer of the Phoenix Bridge Company, was confident that he could build a bridge to span the Kinzua gorge; and he did **(31)** ----, in just 94 days. When it **(32)** ---- in 1882, the Kinzua Viaduct was the tallest bridge in the world. For more than 100 years, it carried trains across the Kinzua gorge, but in 2003 its service came to an **(33)** ---- end when it took a direct hit **(34)** ---- a tornado and 23 of its 41 spans **(35)** ---- in spectacular fashion in just 30 seconds.

31.

- A) as well
- B) so
- C) too
- D) only
- E) both

32.

- A) had been finished
- B) has been finished
- C) was finished
- D) was to be finished
- E) finished

33.

- A) insufficient
- B) occasional
- C) eager
- D) abrupt
- E) insecure

34.

- A) from
- B) at
- C) with
- D) over
- E) for

35.

- A) violated
- B) reduced
- C) reversed
- D) repaired
- E) collapsed

CLOZE 8

Natural disturbances, including hurricanes and earthquakes, have affected coral reefs for millions of years. They are typically acute but have short-lived **(36)** ----. Reef areas **(37)** ---- human influences often recover within a few years **(38)** ---- water and substratum quality remain high. Indeed, acute natural disturbances can actually help **(39)** ---- diversity on coral reefs by knocking back dominant species and allowing **(40)** ---- competitive species to re-establish themselves.

36.

- A) products
- B) conditions
- C) concerns
- D) effects
- E) explanations

37.

- A) down to
- B) up to
- C) up against
- D) out of
- E) away from

38.

- A) so that
- B) unless
- C) though
- D) if
- E) whether

39.

- A) to have maintained
- B) maintaining
- C) having maintained
- D) to be maintained
- E) to maintain

40.

- A) much
- B) little
- C) as
- D) less
- E) least

CLOZE 9

We can certainly hear external sounds while we are dreaming. Otherwise, a dreamer couldn't be **(41)** ---- by shouting. Around 40 to 50 per cent **(42)** ---- dreams also contain sounds, while touch, smell, taste and pain are present in a **(43)** ---- smaller percentage of dreams. Sounds occurring near a sleeper **(44)** ---- is already dreaming can be incorporated into the dream. However, the sounds **(45)** ---- will not cause the sleeper to dream.

41.

- A) ensured
- B) awakened
- C) heard
- D) embarrassed
- E) calmed

42.

- A) by
- B) to
- C) for
- D) of
- E) in

43.

- A) too
- B) more
- C) much
- D) very
- E) most

44.

- A) who
- B) what
- C) where
- D) when
- E) how

45.

- A) which
- B) themselves
- C) of whom
- D) whatever
- E) itself

CLOZE 10

Among the earliest events in fruit fly development are those that determine which end of the egg cell will become the head and which end will become the tail. These events **(46)** ---- in the ovaries of the mother fly and involve communication between an unfertilized egg cell and the cells next to it. One of the first genes activated in the egg cell produces a protein that leaves the egg cell and signals neighbouring follicle cells. Then these follicle cells **(47)** ---- to turn on genes for other proteins, which signal back to the egg cell. One of the egg cell's responses is to localize a specific type of mRNA at one end of the cell. This mRNA marks the end of the egg **(48)** ---- the fly's head will develop, and thus defines the fly's head-to-tail axis. **(49)** ----, other egg cell genes direct the positioning **(50)** ---- the top-to-bottom and side-to-side axes.

46.

- A) instruct
- B) dispel
- C) embrace
- D) identify
- E) occur

47.

- A) will be stimulated
- B) stimulate
- C) are stimulated
- D) have been stimulated
- E) are stimulating

48.

- A) who
- B) what
- C) whom
- D) where
- E) how

49.

- A) On the contrary
- B) Similarly
- C) Nevertheless
- D) Despite this
- E) As a result

50.

- A) behind
- B) to
- C) about
- D) of
- E) at

CLOZE 11

Names and numbers were causing trouble long before the Internet age. Biology had a naming crisis in the 17th and 18th centuries. The problem wasn't so much a shortage of names but an excess of **(51)** ----. Plants and animals **(52)** ---- by many different names in different places. Then came the great reform of Carolus Linnaeus and his system of Latin binomials, **(53)** ---- each organism by genus and species. The new scheme revolutionized taxonomy, not because there is any magic in Latin or in two-part names, but because Linnaeus and his **(54)** ---- laboured to preserve a strict one-to-one mapping between names and organisms. Official codes of nomenclature continue to enforce this rule – one name, one species – although rooting out synonyms and homonyms is a **(55)** ---- struggle.

51.

- A) them
- B) that
- C) theirs
- D) those
- E) themselves

52.

- A) were to be known
- B) would be known
- C) are known
- D) were known
- E) will be known

53.

- A) to have been identifying
- B) identified
- C) to have identified
- D) to be identifying
- E) identifying

54.

- A) participants
- B) followers
- C) occupants
- D) suppliers
- E) practitioners

55.

- A) constant
- B) primary
- C) rapid
- D) similar
- E) partial

CLOZE 12

Small planes should be safe enough for normal, nonrisk- taking people to trust their lives to them. NASA wants **(56)** ---- the accident rate by 90 per cent within twenty-five years. The planes should become fast enough for their effective speed to be at least three times **(57)** ---- great as that of cars on the highway. The existing small-plane fleet averages 150 knots; that should be raised to 300 knots within a decade, and eventually to 450 knots, **(58)** ---- small planes could compete with the jetliners' speed. The planes should be more efficient and environmentally safer, using less fuel, creating less pollution, and generating less noise. They should be more **(59)** ---- in their operations and far simpler to fly, much like cars that vary little from one rental site to another. And they should be radically more reliable and cheaper to maintain – following the example of automobiles, with their quality revolution **(60)** ---- the 1980s and 1990s.

56.

- A) to have reduced
- B) reducing
- C) having reduced
- D) to reduce
- E) to have been reducing

57.

- A) as
- B) such
- C) much
- D) so
- E) more

58.

- A) if only
- B) in that
- C) so that
- D) by which
- E) as if

59.

- A) tentative
- B) consistent
- C) deliberate
- D) reluctant
- E) recurrent

60.

- A) at
- B) for
- C) about
- D) of
- E) with

ÜDS FEN BİLİMLERİ TÜM CLOZE TEST SORULARI

CLOZE 1	1	A	CLOZE 8	36	D	CLOZE 15	71		CLOZE 22	106		CLOZE 29	141	
	2	C		37	E		72			107			142	
	3	C		38	D		73			108			143	
	4	B		39	E		74			109			144	
	5	A		40	D		75			110			145	
CLOZE 2	6	B	CLOZE 9	41	B	CLOZE 16	76		CLOZE 23	111		CLOZE 30	146	
	7	A		42	D		77			112			147	
	8	B		43	C		78			113			148	
	9	E		44	A		79			114			149	
	10	C		45	D		80			115			150	
CLOZE 3	11	C	CLOZE 10	46	E	CLOZE 17	81		CLOZE 24	116		CLOZE 31	151	
	12	D		47	C		82			117			152	
	13	A		48	D		83			118			153	
	14	B		49	B		84			119			154	
	15	C		50	D		85			120			155	
CLOZE 4	16	D	CLOZE 11	51	A	CLOZE 18	86		CLOZE 25	121		CLOZE 32	156	
	17	E		52	D		87			122			157	
	18	A		53	E		88			123			158	
	19	D		54	B		89			124			159	
	20	E		55	A		90			125			160	
CLOZE 5	21	A	CLOZE 12	56	D	CLOZE 19	91		CLOZE 26	126		CLOZE 33	161	
	22	D		57	A		92			127			162	
	23	B		58	C		93			128			163	
	24	A		59	B		94			129			164	
	25	B		60	D		95			130			165	
CLOZE 6	26	D	CLOZE 13	61		CLOZE 20	96		CLOZE 27	131		CLOZE 34	166	
	27	C		62			97			132			167	
	28	B		63			98			133			168	
	29	E		64			99			134			169	
	30	D		65			100			135			170	
CLOZE 7	31	B	CLOZE 14	66		CLOZE 21	101		CLOZE 28	136		CLOZE 35	171	
	32	C		67			102			137			172	
	33	D		68			103			138			173	
	34	A		69			104			139			174	
	35	E		70			105			140			175	